



**Artesano Rum, Inc.** (the “Company”) a Puerto Rico Corporation

Financial Statements (unaudited) and  
Independent Accountant’s Review Report

Two Months Ended July 31, 2020



## **INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REVIEW REPORT**

To Management  
Artesano Rum, Inc.

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of the company which comprise the balance sheet as of July 31, 2020 and the related statements of operations, statement of changes in shareholder equity, and statement of cash flows for the months then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements. A review includes primarily applying analytical procedures to management's financial data and making inquiries of company management. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

### **Accountant's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to conduct the review engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. Those standards require us to perform procedures to obtain limited assurance as a basis for reporting whether we are aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial statements for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We believe that the results of our procedures provide a reasonable basis for our conclusion.

### **Accountant's Conclusion**

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying financial statements in order for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Vince Mongio, CPA, CIA, CFE, MACC

August 18<sup>th</sup>, 2020

*Vincenzo Mongio*

**Artesano Rum, Inc.**  
**Balance Sheet**  
As of July 31, 2020

	<u>7/31/2020</u>
<b>Assets</b>	
Current Assets	
Cash	\$ -
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	<u>\$ -</u>
<b>Total Assets</b>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>
<b>Liabilities</b>	
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<u>\$ -</u>
<b>Stockholder's Equity</b>	
Common Stock	\$ -
Additional Paid-In Capital	\$ -
Retained Earnings	\$ -
Net Income	\$ -
<b>Total Stockholder's Equity</b>	<u>\$ -</u>
<b>Total Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity</b>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>

**Artesano Rum, Inc.**  
**Statement of Operations**  
For the Two Months Ended July 31, 2020

	<u>7/31/2020</u>
<b>Income</b>	
Revenue	\$ -
<b>Total Income</b>	<u>\$ -</u>
<b>Selling, General and Administrative Expenses</b>	
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses	\$ -
<b>Total Selling, General and Administrative Expenses</b>	<u>\$ -</u>
<b>Net Loss from Operations</b>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>

**Artesano Rum, Inc.**  
**Statement of Cash flows**  
For the Two Months Ended July 31, 2020

	<u>7/31/2020</u>
<b>Cash flows from Operating Activities:</b>	
Net Loss	\$ -
Net Cash provided by Operating Activities	\$ -
<b>Cash Flows from Investing Activities:</b>	
Net Cash provided by Investing Activities	\$ -
<b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities:</b>	
Net Cash provided by Investing Activities	\$ -
Net (decrease) increase in Cash and Cash equivalents	\$ -
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the period	\$ -
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the period</b>	<u>\$ -</u>

**Artesano Rum, Inc.**  
**Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity**  
As of July 31, 2020

	<u>Common Stock</u>		Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Total Stockholder's Equity
	<u># of Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>			
Balance as of 6/13/20	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net Income				\$ -	\$ -
Common Stock Issued	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Balance as of 7/31/20	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

**Artesano Rum, Inc.**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**  
**July 31, 2020**

***Note 1 – Organization and Nature of Activities***

Artesano Rum, Inc. (“the Company”) is a corporation formed under the laws of Puerto Rico. The company is the creator of the Artesano rum brand, produced in the mountains of Jayuya Puerto Rico. Our business is to create, produce, market & sell our rum products in Puerto Rico and Internationally.

The Company will conduct an additional equity crowdfunding offering during the third quarter of 2020 for the purposes of raising operating capital.

***Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies***

*Basis of Presentation*

Our consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”). Our fiscal year ends on December 31. The company has no interest in variable interest entities.

*Use of Estimates*

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of financial assets and liabilities. These judgements, estimates, and assumptions also affect the revenues, expenses and provisions and may not culminate in actual performance.

*Cash and Cash Equivalents*

Cash and cash equivalents include all cash balances, and highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased.

*Revenue*

The Company recognize revenues when (a) persuasive evidence that an agreement exists; (b) performance obligations have been fulfilled; (c) the prices are fixed and determinable; and (d) collection of the amounts due is reasonably assured. The company reduces revenue reported by reserving for sales that are expected to be reversed via customer concessions or refunds. This calculation is based on historical data.

*Cost of Revenue*

The company's cost of revenue will consist of creative (which is defined more specifically as variable costs associated with writing, illustration, design and production), publisher's fees, advertising fees where specifically tied to an individual title, and the cost of production for merchandise.

*Advertising Costs*

Advertising costs associated with marketing the Company’s products and services are generally

expensed as costs are incurred.

#### *Selling, General, and Administrative*

Selling, general, and administrative expenses consist of payroll and related expenses for employees and independent contractors involved in general corporate functions, including accounting, finance, tax, legal, and other miscellaneous expenses.

#### *Income Taxes*

The Company is subject to Corporate income and state income taxes in the state it does business. A deferred tax asset as a result of net operating losses (NOL) has not been recognized due to the uncertainty of future positive taxable income to utilize the NOL. Due to the recently enacted Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, any NOLs will be limited to 80% of taxable income generated in future years.

#### *Fair Value of Financial Instruments*

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants as of the measurement date.

Applicable accounting guidance provides an established hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable units and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available.

Observable inputs include inputs that market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability and are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the Company's assumptions about the factors that market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Observable inputs that reflect quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 - Include other inputs that are directly or indirectly observable in the marketplace.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs which are supported by little or no market activity.

The fair value hierarchy also requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. Fair-value estimates discussed herein are based upon certain market assumptions and pertinent information available to management as of July 31, 2020. The respective carrying value of certain on balance-sheet financial instruments approximated their fair values.

#### ***Note 3 – Contingencies, Compliance Laws, and Regulations***

We are currently not involved with or know of any pending or threatening litigation against the Company or any of its officers. Further, the Company is currently complying with all relevant laws and regulations.

#### ***Note 4 - Stockholder's Equity***

The company has authorized 10,000 shares of common stock with no par value, of which none have been issued and outstanding. The Company has no shareholders that maintain greater than 10% of the fully diluted stock of the Company as of July 31, 2020.

#### ***Note 5 - Subsequent Events***

The Company has evaluated events subsequent to July 31, 2020 to assess the need for potential recognition or disclosure in this report. Such events were evaluated through August 18, 2020, the date these financial statements were available to be issued. There were no significant events that required disclosure.

#### ***Note 6 - Risks and Uncertainties***

Like all businesses, the company is subject to risks and uncertainties, some of which are described as follows:

COVID-19: Since December 31, 2019 the spread of COVID-19 has severely impacted many local economies around the globe. In many countries, businesses are being forced to cease or limit operations for long or indefinite periods of time. Measures taken to contain the spread of the virus, including travel bans, quarantines, social distancing, and closures of non-essential services have triggered significant disruptions to businesses worldwide, resulting in an economic slowdown. Global stock markets have also experienced great volatility and a significant weakening. Governments and central banks have responded with monetary and fiscal interventions to stabilize economic conditions.

The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as the effectiveness of government and central bank responses remains unclear currently. It is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of these consequences, as well as their impact on the financial position and results of the Company for future periods. Note: this disclosure assumes there is no significant doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern.

***As a startup, our CEO is considered key personnel. Anything preventing his regular involvement would temporarily hinder operations.***

While processes are constantly being developed to create standard procedures, our CEO currently plays a major role in operations. Should health issues prevent his involvement, the business will likely incur a period of reduced output and operations.

***If we do not develop successful new services or improve existing ones, our business will suffer.***

Our ability to engage, retain, and increase our user base and to generate our revenue will depend heavily on our ability to successfully create or improve services both independently and together with third parties. We may introduce significant changes to our existing services or develop and introduce new and unproven services, including technologies with which we have little or no prior development or operating experience.

***We are an emerging growth company, and any decision on our part to comply only with certain reduced reporting and disclosure requirements applicable to emerging growth companies could make our common stock less attractive to investors.***

We are an emerging growth company, and, for as long as we continue to be an emerging growth company, we may choose to take advantage of exemptions from various reporting requirements applicable to other public companies but not to “emerging growth companies,” including: not being required to have our independent registered public accounting firm audit our internal control over financial reporting under Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act; reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in our periodic reports and annual report on Form 10-K; and exemptions from the requirements of holding nonbinding advisory votes on executive compensation and stockholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved. We can continue to be an emerging growth company, as defined in the JOBS Act, for up to five years following our IPO.